



Cisco Integrated Management Controller (IMC) PowerTool User Guide, Release 2.x

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Americas Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134-1706
USA
<http://www.cisco.com>
Tel: 408 526-4000
800 553-NETS (6387)
Fax: 408 527-0883



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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Overview of Cisco IMC PowerTool](#) , on page 1
- [Management Information Model](#), on page 1
- [System Requirements](#), on page 3

Overview of Cisco IMC PowerTool

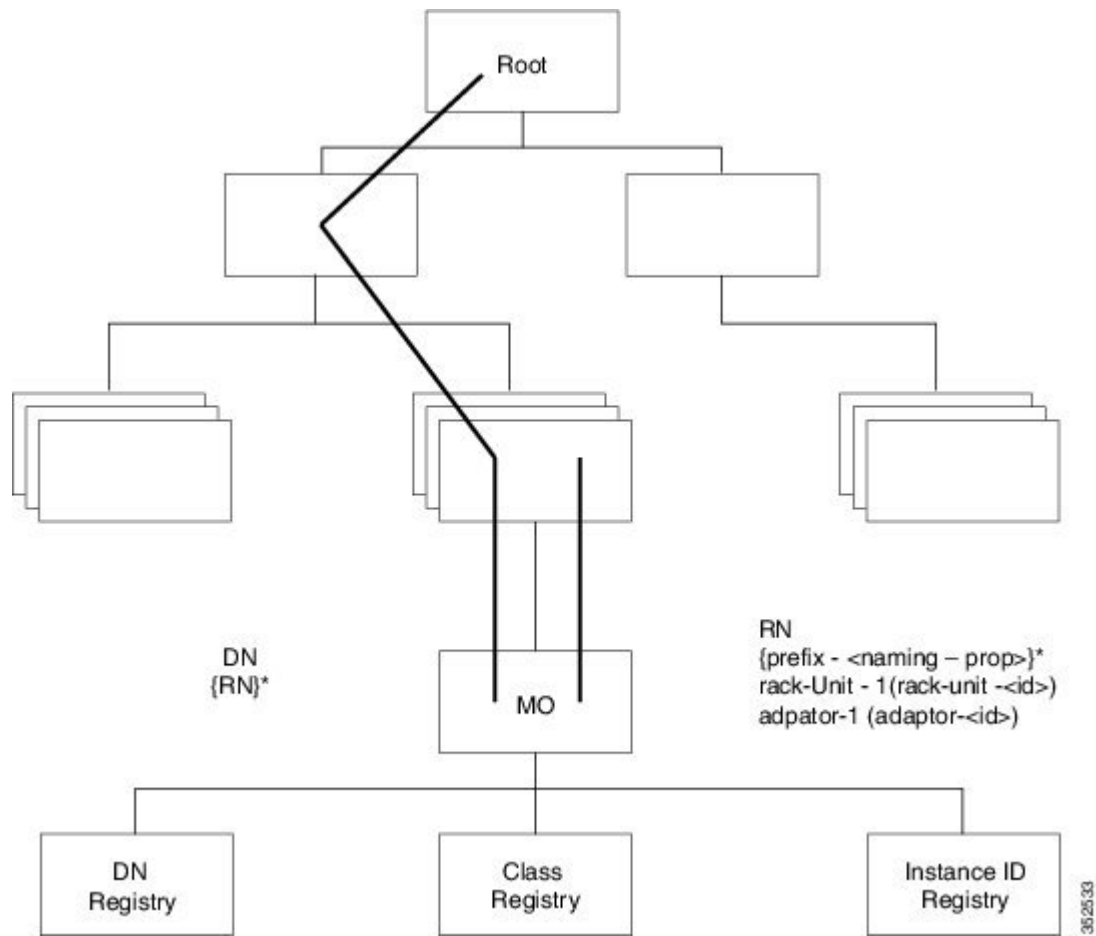
Cisco IMC PowerTool is a PowerShell module that uses XML APIs to help automate aspects of Cisco IMC. It enables easy integration with existing IT management processes and tools.

The PowerTool cmdlets work on the Cisco IMC Management Information Tree (MIT). The cmdlets allow you to create, modify, or delete actions on the Managed Objects (MOs) in the tree.

Management Information Model

All the physical and logical components that compose a Cisco IMC are represented in a hierarchical Management Information Model (MIM), referred to as the MIT. Each node in the tree represents a Managed Object (MO), identified by its unique distinguished name (DN).

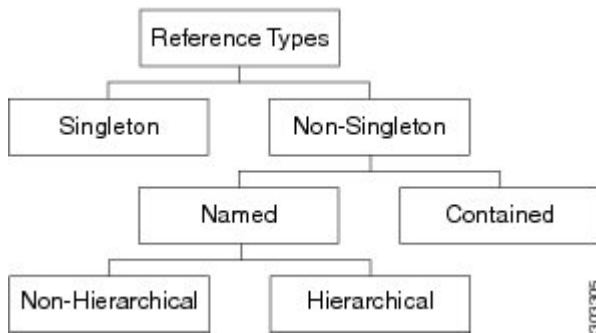
Management Information Model



Managed Objects

Managed Objects are abstractions of Cisco IMC MIT resources, such as CPUs, DIMMs, adapter cards, fans, and power supply units. MOs represent any physical or logical entity configured or managed in the Cisco IMC MIT. For example, physical entities-CPU, DIMMs, adapter cards, and fans and logical entities-users, communication services like HTTP, SSH are represented as MOs.

Managed Objects



Each MO is identified in the tree with its Distinguish Name (DN). The MO can be identified within the context of its parent with its relative name (RN). The DN identifies the place of the MO in the MIT. A DN is a

concatenation of all the relative names that start from the root to the MO itself. Essentially, DN = [RN]/[RN]/[RN]/.../[RN].

In the following example, DN provides a fully qualified name for adapter-1 in the model.

```
< dn = "sys/rack-unit-1/adapter-1" />
```

This DN is composed of the following RN:

```
topSystem MO: rn="sys" computeRackUnit MO: rn="rack-unit-1" adapterUnit MO: rn ="adapter-<id>"
```

An RN has a value of one or more of the MO properties embedded in it. It allows you to differentiate multiple MOs of the same type within the context of the parent. Any properties that form part of the RN, are referred as "naming properties".

For instance, adapter MOs reside under a rack unit MO. The adapter MO contains the adapter identifier as part of its Rn (adapter-[Id]), which uniquely identifies each adapter MO in the context of a rack unit.

System Requirements

Before installing Cisco IMC PowerTool, ensure that the system meets the following requirements:

- Install Windows PowerShell 3.0 or higher
- .NET Framework Version 4.5 or higher
- Windows PowerShell 4.0 or higher for DSC

Cisco UCS C-Series Servers

Cisco IMC PowerTool is compatible with the following Cisco IMC releases:

- Release 4.0
- Release 3.1
- Release 3.0
- Release 2.0 and higher
- Release 1.5 and higher

Cisco UCS E-Series Servers

Cisco IMC PowerTool is compatible with the following Cisco UCS E-Series releases:

- Release 2.2(1) and higher for the E-Series servers

Methods

Methods are Cisco IMC XML APIs used to manage and monitor the system. The following methods are supported:

- Authentication
- aaaLogin—Initial method for a login

- `aaaRefresh`—Refreshes the current authentication cookie
- `aaaLogout`—Exits the current session and deactivates the corresponding authentication cookie
- `configResolveDn`—Retrieves objects by DN
- `configResolveClass`—Retrieves objects of a given class
- `configResolveChildren`—Retrieves the child objects of an object
- `configResolveParent`—Retrieves the parent object of an object
- `configConfMo`—Affects a single managed object. For example, a DN
- `eventSubscribe`—Used to register events

Cisco IMC PowerTool Mapping

Most of the Cisco IMC PowerTool cmdlets are generated from the MO specification. A noun is used in place of the type (Fan instead of EquipmentFan, and so on). Get, Add, Set, Remove cmdlets, or a subset are generated for the various MO types. All cmdlets support the XML parameter, which dumps the XML request and response on the screen.

Add Cmdlet

-Uses the `ConfigConfMo` method with the MO status "created" with the specified property values. If the Force parameter is specified, there is no prompt for confirmation.

Get Cmdlet

-Uses the `ConfigResolveClass` method to retrieve MOs. XML API of Cisco IMC does not support any filters. Once the property parameters are specified, the PowerTool collects the instances of the specified class and filters on the client side using, the property values.

Set Cmdlet

-Uses the `ConfigConfMo` method with MO status "modified" with the specified property values. If the Force parameter is specified, there is no prompt for confirmation.

Remove Cmdlet

-Uses the `ConfigConfMo` method with the MO status "deleted." If the Force parameter is specified, there is no prompt for confirmation.

This table lists the properties that can be specified for a given verb:

Property	Get	Add	Set
Naming	Yes (Positional)	Yes (Positional)	No
Create-Only	Yes	Yes	No
Read-Write	Yes	Yes	Yes
Operational/ Read-Only	Yes	No	No

This table lists the type that appears in the pipeline for corresponding cmdlets:

Verb or Type	Pipeline Input
Get	Singleton-None non-singleton-Parent Type
Add	Singleton-None non-singleton-Parent Type
Set	MO has naming property-Same type MO has no naming property-Same or Parent Type
Remove/Clear	Same Type

This table lists the methods invoked to generate the required XML requests:

Cmdlet	Method
Add-Imc Set-Imc	ConfigConfMo
Get-Imc	ConfigResolveClass with client-side filters
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId	ConfigResolveClass
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId -Dnlist	ConfigResolveClass (The output is then filtered for the matching Dns)
Get-ImcManagedObject -Dn	ConfigResolveDn
Connect-Imc	AaaLogin
Disconnect-Imc	AaaLogout
Background This is not a cmdlet. It is a background service	AaaRefresh
Get-ImcChild	ConfigResolveChildren

Get-ImcCmdletMeta is used to explore the MO types, the corresponding nouns, supported verbs, and properties of the MOs. It is also used to view the details of properties including the type, such as, naming, Read, or Write, and Cisco IMC version in which the property was introduced.



CHAPTER 2

Getting Started

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Connecting to Cisco IMC, on page 7](#)
- [Default Cisco IMC, on page 8](#)
- [Connect to Multiple Cisco IMCs, on page 8](#)
- [Credentials To and From a File, on page 9](#)
- [SSL Handling, on page 10](#)
- [Aliases, on page 10](#)

Connecting to Cisco IMC

Step 1 From the desktop shortcut, launch IMC PowerTool.

Step 2 View all cmdlets, functions, and aliases supported by Cisco IMC PowerTool, using the following cmdlets:

```
Get-Command -Module Cisco.Imc
Get-Command -Module Cisco.Imc | group CommandType
Get-Command -Module Cisco.Imc | measure
```

Step 3 Connect to a Cisco IMC, using the following cmdlets:

```
$handle = Connect-Imc <ip or hostname> -NotDefault
```

After logging on, by default, the Cisco IMC handle is added to the default Cisco IMC list, unless the `-NotDefault` option is specified. Every cmdlet that operates on a Cisco IMC takes the `-Imc` parameter, where the handle can be specified.

Step 4 Connect to a Cisco IMC using a proxy, using the following cmdlets:

```
$proxy = New-Object System.Net.WebProxy
$proxy.Address = "http:\\<url>:<port>"
$proxy.UseDefaultCredentials = $false
$proxy.Credentials = New-Object System.Net.NetworkCredential("<user name>", "<password>")
$handle = Connect-Imc <ip or hostname> -Proxy $proxy
```

Step 5 Use the following cmdlets:

- a) Get the consolidated status information from the Cisco IMC.

```
Get-ImcStatus -Imc $handle
```

- b) Get the inventory summary of the Cisco IMC.

```
Get-ImcRackUnit -Imc $handle
```

- c) Disconnect.

```
Disconnect-Imc -Imc $handle
```

Default Cisco IMC

If a no handle or name is specified, the Cisco IMC handle is added to a DefaultImc server list unless the `-Imc` parameter is specified. The first cmdlet in the pipeline operates on the default Cisco IMC list.

Connect to Cisco IMC

```
Connect-Imc <ip or hostname>
```

Get the default Cisco IMC

```
Get-UcsPsSession
```

Get the status information and Cisco IMC version

```
Get-ImcStatus
```

Get Cisco IMC server details

```
Get-ImcRackUnit
```

Enable HTTP on Cisco IMC

```
Get-ImcHttp | Set-ImcHttp -AdminState enabled
```

Disable HTTP on Cisco IMC

```
Get-ImcHttp | Set-ImcHttp -AdminState disabled
```

Disconnect Cisco IMC

```
Disconnect-Imc
```

Connect to Multiple Cisco IMCs

When you specify multiple handles, Cisco IMC PowerTool cmdlets can work with multiple Cisco IMCs.

Use the following cmdlets to connect to multiple IMCs:

Connecting to a Cisco IMC:

```
$handle1 = Connect-Imc <ip1> -NotDefault
$handle2 = Connect-Imc <ip2> -NotDefault
Get-ImcStatus -Imc $handle1,$handle2
Disconnect-Imc -Imc $handle1,$handle2
```

By default, multiple Cisco IMC handles are not allowed in DefaultImc. You can override this restriction by using the **Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration** cmdlet.

```
Get-UcsPowerToolConfiguration
Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration -SupportMultipleDefaultUcs $true
Connect-Imc <ip1>
Connect-Imc <ip2>
Get-ImcStatus
Disconnect-Imc
```

Connecting to Multiple Cisco IMC:

You can use the credentials which you used for connecting to a Cisco IMC.

```
$user = "<username>"
$password = "<password>" |
ConvertTo-SecureString -AsPlainText -Force
$cred = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential($user, $password)
$servers = @("<Imc1>", "<Imc2>", "<Imc3>")
Connect-Imc $servers -Credential $cred
```

Credentials To and From a File

```
Connect-Imc <ip1>
Connect-Imc <ip2>
```

Credentials can be stored in a file. The stored credentials are encrypted with a specified key.

```
Export-UcsPsSession -LiteralPath C:\work\labs.xml
Disconnect-Imc
```

A login can be initiated from credentials stored in a file.

```
Connect-Imc -LiteralPath C:\work\labs.xml
```

Specify proxy while logging in with credentials stored in a file.

```
$proxy = New-Object System.Net.WebProxy
$proxy.Address = "http://<url>:<port>"
$proxy.UseDefaultCredentials = $false
$proxy.Credentials = New-Object System.Net.NetworkCredential("<user name>", "<password>")
Connect-Imc -LiteralPath C:\work\lab.xml -Proxy $proxy
```

Log in to an extra system and add the credentials to the file.

```
Connect-Imc <ip3>
Export-UcsPsSession -Path C:\work\lab.xml -Merge
```

SSL Handling

When you connect to a Cisco IMC, the server does not recognize the valid certificates. The connection depends on `InvalidCertificateAction`. `InvalidCertificateAction` is set to `Ignore` by default. By default, Cisco IMC PowerTool is configured to establish the connection without a valid certificate.

You can override this setting by using the `Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration` cmdlet.

```
Get-UcsPowerToolConfiguration
Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration -InvalidCertificateAction Fail
```

The following table describes the options for checking the validity of the certificate:

Options	Description
Fail	The cmdlet does not establish connection if the certificate is not valid.
Ignore	The cmdlet establishes a connection without considering that the certificate is invalid.
Default	(Windows default) The cmdlet establishes a connection if the certificate is valid.

Aliases

Some aliases are predefined for convenience. To view the list of all aliases, run the following cmdlet:

```
gal | ? {$_.Name -like "*-Imc*" } | select Name
```

The following table lists the aliases and the corresponding cmdlets:

Alias	Cmdlet
Clear-ImcK mipLogin	Get-ImcK mipServerLogin Set-ImcK mipServerLogin -AdminAction clear
Clear-ImcK mipServer	Get-ImcK mipServer Set-ImcK mipServer -AdminAction clear
Remove-ImcRootCACertificate	Get-ImcK mipManagement Set- ImcK mipManagement -AdminAction delete-root-ca-certificate
Remove-ImcClientCertificate	Get-ImcK mipManagement Set- ImcK mipManagement -AdminAction delete-client-certificate

Alias	Cmdlet
Remove-ImcClientPrivateKey	Get-ImcKmpManagement Set- ImcKmpManagement –AdminAction delete-client-private-key
Enable-ImcBiosProfile	Get-ImcBiosProfile Set-ImcBiosProfile –AdminAction activate
Remove-ImcBiosProfile	Get-ImcBiosProfile Set-ImcBiosProfile –AdminAction delete
Backup-ImcBiosProfile	Get-ImcBiosProfileManagement Set-ImcBiosProfileManagement –AdminAction backup
Clear-ImcOneTimePrecisionBoot Device	Get-ImcOneTimePrecisionBoot Device Set ImcOneTimePrecisionBoot Device –AdminAction clear-one-time-boot-device
Reset-ImcStorageController	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction delete-all-vds-reset-pds
Clear-ImcBootDrive	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction clear-boot-drive
Clear-ImcForeignConfig	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction clear-foreign-config
Disable-ImcJbod	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction disable-jbod
Enable-ImcJbod	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction enable-jbod
Get-ImcTtyLog	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction get-tty-log
Import-ImcForeignConfig	Get-ImcStorageController Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction import-foreign-config
Add-ImcMo	Add-ImcManagedObject
Disable-ImcLocatorLed	Set-ImcLocatorLed -AdminState off
Enable-ImcLocatorLed	Set-ImcLocatorLed -AdminState on
Enable-ImcPidCatalog	Set-ImcActivatePIDCatalog -AdminState trigger
Get-ImcMo	Get-ImcManagedObject
Remove-ImcLdapCertificate	Set-ImcLdapCACertificate -AdminAction delete-ca-certificate

Alias	Cmdlet
Remove-ImcMo	Remove-ImcManagedObject
Reset-ImcServer	Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower hard-reset-immediate
Reset-ImcEventFileters	Set-ImcEventManager -AdminAction reset-event-filters
Restart-ImcServer	Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower cycle-immediate
Set-ImcMo	Set-ImcManagedObject
Start-ImcServer	Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower up
Stop-ImcServer	Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower soft-shut-down
Invoke-ImcPowerCharacterization	Set-ImcPowerBudget -AdminAction start-power-char
Reset-ImcPowerProfile	Set-ImcPowerBudget -AdminAction reset-power-profile-default
Test-ImcLdapBinding	Set-ImcLdapCACertificate -AdminAction test-ldap-binding



CHAPTER 3

Examples

This chapter contains the following sections:

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- [Add User, on page 14](#)
- [Cisco IMC Desired State Configuration \(DSC\), on page 14](#)
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- [Send-ImcBiosProfile, on page 27](#)

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Activate Cisco IMC Firmware

Activate the Cisco IMC firmware, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcFirmwareBootDefinition -Type "blade-controller" |
Get-ImcFirmwareBootUnit | Set-ImcFirmwareBootUnit-AdminState trigger -Image backup
-ResetOnActivate yes -Force
```

Add User

```
Get-ImcLocalUser -Id 9 | Set-ImcLocalUser -Name "admin" -pwd "Password" -AccountStatus
"active" -Priv "admin"
```



Note Clear-ImcLocalUser changes the status to inactive and does not remove the user or data.

Cisco IMC Desired State Configuration (DSC)

Desired State Configuration (DSC) is a new approach for configuring local and remote machines. You can use IMC DSC resources to configure multiple IMC in a datacenter from a centralized root server. PowerTool module Cisco.UCS.DesiredStateConfiguration contains all the custom IMC DSC resources.

```
Get-Module Cisco.UCS.DesiredStateConfiguration -ListAvailable
Get-DscResource | where{$_.Module -ilike 'Cisco*'
-and $_.Name -ilike 'imc*'} | Select Name
```

A DSC resource can execute in parallel, and maximum number of XML API connections on any Cisco IMC is limited to 4. So, specify add DependsOn property to each IMC DSC resource in such cases.

ImcManagedObject Resource

The ImcManagedObject resource is part of the Cisco.UCS.DesiredStateConfiguration module. It provides a mechanism to configure a Cisco IMC Managed Object (MO) by specifying the details of the MO on multiple Cisco IMC servers using a DSC framework.

Syntax

```
ImcManagedObject [string] #ResourceName
{
  Dn = [string]
  Identifier = [string]
  ImcConnectionString = [string]
  ImcCredentials = [PSCredential]
  [ Action = [string] { Add | Set } ]
  [ ClassId = [string] ]
  [ DependsOn = [string[]] ]
  [ Ensure = [string] { Absent | Present } ]
  [ PropertyMap = [string] ]
  [ WebProxyCredentials = [PSCredential] ]
}
```

Property	Description
Dn	Specifies the Dn of a managed object.
Identifier	Specifies the unique id for the DSC resource.
ImcConnectionString	Specifies the connection string for an IMC server. Syntax: Name=<ipAddress> [`nNoSsl=<bool>] [`nPort=<ushort>] [`nProxyAddress=<proxyAddress>] [`nUseProxyDefaultCredentials=<bool>]
ImcCredentials	Indicates the credentials required to access IMC
Action	Specifies the action you want to perform on a managed object. Set this property to Add for adding a managed object. Set it to Set for modifying an existing managed object.
ClassId	Specifies the class id of a managed object.
DependsOn	Indicates that the configuration of another resource must run before this resource is configured. For example, the first ID of the resource configuration script block that you want to run is ResourceName and its type is ResourceType. The syntax for using this property is: DependsOn = "[ResourceType]ResourceName"

Property	Description
Ensure	Indicates if a managed object exists. Set this property to Absent to ensure that the managed object does not exist. Set to Present to ensure that the managed object does exist. The default is Present.
PropertyMap	Specifies the properties of a managed object as keyValuePair pairs. Syntax: `<key1>=<value1> `<key2>=<value2>
WebProxyCredentials	Indicates the credentials for a web proxy.

Example

The following example shows how to use the ImcManagedObject resource to add a Managed Object with Dn "sys/rack-unit-1/boot-policy/efi-read-only".

Use, Action="Set" to edit an existing MO.

Configuration ImcManagedObjectResourceDemo

```
{
param(
[Parameter(Mandatory=$true)]
[PsCredential] $imcCredential,

[Parameter(Mandatory=$true)]
[string] $connectionString
)
Import-DSCResource -ModuleName Cisco.Ucs.DesiredStateConfiguration
Node "localhost"
{
ImcManagedObject ResourceInstance
{
Ensure = "Present"
ClassId= "lsbootEfi"
Dn = "sys/rack-unit-1/boot-policy/efi-read-only"
PropertyMap = "Access = read-only `nType = efi `nOrder = 4"
ImcCredentials = $imcCredential
ImcConnectionString = $connectionString
Identifier = "2"
}
}
}
```

ImcScript Resource

ImcScript resource in a Cisco.Ucs.DesiredStateConfiguration module provides a mechanism to execute IMC PowerTool cmdlets.

Syntax

```
ImcScript [string] #ResourceName
```

```

{
Dn = [string]
Identifier = [string]
ImcConnectionString = [string]
ImcCredentials = [PSCredential]
Script = [string]
[ Action = [string] { Add | Set } ]
[ DependsOn = [string[]] ]
[ Ensure = [string] { Absent | Present } ]
[ WebProxyCredentials = [PSCredential] ]
}

```

Property	Description
Dn	Specifies Dn of a managed object.
Identifier	Specifies the unique id for the DSC resource.
Script	Specifies set of PowerTool cmdlets. Use `n as new cmdlet prefix.
ImcConnectionString	Specifies the connection string for an IMC server. Syntax: Name=<ipAddress> [`nNoSsl=<bool>] [`nPort=<ushort>] [`nProxyAddress=<proxyAddress>] [`nUseProxyDefaultCredentials=<bool>]
ImcCredentials	Indicates the credentials required to access an IMC server.
Action	Specifies the action you want to perform on a managed object. Set this property Add for adding a managed object. Set it to Set to modify an existing managed object.
DependsOn	Indicates that the configuration of another resource must run before this resource is configured. For example, if the ID of the resource configuration script block that you want to run first is ResourceName and its type is ResourceType. The syntax for using this property is: DependsOn = "[ResourceType]ResourceName"
Ensure	Indicates if Script executes or not. The default is Present.
WebProxyCredentials	Indicates the credentials for a web proxy.
WebProxyCredentials	Indicates the credentials for a web proxy.

Syntax

```

Configuration ImcScriptResourceDemo
{
param(
[Parameter(Mandatory=$true)]
[PsCredential] $imcCredential,

[Parameter(Mandatory=$true)]
[string] $connectionString
)
Import-DSCResource -ModuleName Cisco.Ucs.DesiredStateConfiguration

Node "localhost"
{
ImcScript ResourceInstance
{
Ensure = "Present"
Dn = "sys/svc-ext/snmp-svc/snmpv3-user-9"
Script= "Clear-ImcSnmpUser -id 2 -force
`n Add-ImcSnmpUser -Id 9 -Name 'testuser'
-Auth MD5 -AuthPwd password1 -Privacy AES
-PrivacyPwd password2 -SecurityLevel authpriv
`n Clear-ImcSnmpUser -id 2 -force "
ImcCredentials = $imcCredential
ImcConnectionString = $connectionString
Identifier = "2"

} }
}

```

Cisco IMC Firmware Update

Create a user credential, using the following cmdlet:

```

$user = "<username>"
$password = "<password>"
$cred = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential($user,$password)

```

Update Cisco IMC Firmware, using the following cmdlet:

```

Get-ImcFirmwareUpdatable -Type blade-controller | Set-ImcFirmwareUpdatable -AdminState
trigger -Type blade-controller -Protocol ftp -RemoteServer "10.65.183.111" -RemotePath
"/UcseBin/UCSE_CIMC_2.3.1.bin"-RemoteCredential $cred-Force

```

Clear a Boot Drive

To clear the boot drive, use the following cmdlet:

```

Get-ImcStorageController | Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction "clear-boot-drive" -Force

```

Configure NTP Settings

Configure the NTP settings, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcNtpServer | Set-ImcNtpServer -NtpEnable "yes" -NtpServer1 1.1.1.1 -Force
```

Confirm Flag

When Confirm - Switch parameter in a PowerTool cmdlet is specified, you are prompted to confirm the changes. Cmdlet sends a request to confirm the changes applied to the system which is outside of the Windows PowerShell environment. For example, if a cmdlet is executed to clear an SNMP user, the cmdlet requires confirmation from the user to complete the action.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcSnmpUser -Name snmpuser | Clear-ImcSnmpUser -Confirm
Confirm
Are you sure you want to perform this action?
Performing the operation "Clear-ImcSnmpUser" on target "Clear".
[Y] Yes [A] Yes to All [N] No [L] No to All [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"):
```

Configure SoL

Configure the SoL, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcSolif -Dn "sys/rack-unit-1/sol-if" | Set-ImcSolIf -AdminState "enable" -Speed "57600"
-Force
```

Create a Virtual Drive

Create a virtual drive using unused physical drive.

```
Get-ImcStorageVirtualDriveCreatorUsingUnusedPhysicalDrive |
Set-ImcStorageVirtualDriveCreatorUsingUnusedPhysicalDrive
-AdminState trigger -size "400 MB" -DriveGroup "[2]" -RaidLevel 0 -VirtualDriveName "vd_111"
-Force
```

Create a virtual drive using a virtual drive group

```
Get-ImcStorageVirtualDriveCreatorUsingVirtualDriveGroup |
Set-ImcStorageVirtualDriveCreatorUsingVirtualDriveGroup
-AdminState trigger -VirtualDriveName "vd_New"-SharedVirtualDriveId "3" -Size "100 MB"
-Force
```

Create a virtual drive from multiple drives

```
Get-ImcStorageController |
Set-ImcStorageVirtualDriveCreatorUsingUnusedPhysicalDrive
-AdminState trigger -DriveGroup "[1,2]" -RaidLevel 1 -Size "285148 MB" -VirtualDriveName
"RAID1_12" -WritePolicy "Always Write Back" -Force
```

Disable Drive Security

Disables the controller lock key depending on its current state on the disk.



Note On disabling the drive security, the data on all secure drives becomes unusable.

```
Get-ImcStorageController | Disable-ImcDriveSecurity -Force
Get-ImcSelfEncryptStorageController | Disable-ImcDriveSecurity -Force
```

Enable Drive Security

Enables the controller lock key depending on its current state on the disk.

```
Get-ImcStorageController | Enable-ImcDriveSecurity -KeyId "myKey123" -SecurityKey "myPass123"
-Force
```

Enable-ImcPidCatalog

Enables the uploaded PID catalogue on the IMC server.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcPidCatalog | Enable-ImcPidCatalog -Force
```

Enable IP Blocking

Enable IP blocking, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcIpBlocking | Set-ImcIpBlocking -Enable "yes"
```

Export-ImcHardwareInventory

The **Export-ImcHardwareInventory** cmdlet exports the hardware inventory of the system to a remote location. You can also specify the remote server details, such as IP/HostName, protocol, path and filename, username and password, if any.

Syntax

```
Export-ImcHardwareInventory -Chassis <EquipmentChassis> -Hostname <string> [-Proto <string>]
[-Pwd <string>]
```

```
-RemoteFile <string> [-User <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [-Force]
[<CommonParameters>]

Export-ImcHardwareInventory -TopSystem <TopSystem> -Hostname <string> [-Proto <string>]
[-Pwd <string>] -RemoteFile <string> [-User <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [-Force]
[<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Get-ImcTopSystem | Export-ImcHardwareInventory -Hostname "10.10.10.10" -Proto scp -User
root
-Pwd <password> -RemoteFile "/root/test/InventoryExportReport.txt" -Force
```

Filters

Get SysdebugMEpLog managed object, where Type equals to "SEL" or "Syslog".

```
Get-ImcRackUnit | Get-ImcMgmtController | Get-ImcSysdebugMEpLog -Filter '(type -ilike SEL)
-or (Type -clike Syslog)'
```

Get SysdebugMEpLog managed object, where Type equals to "SEL" or "#Syslog", and Id equals to "0".

```
Get-ImcRackUnit | Get-ImcMgmtController | Get-ImcSysdebugMEpLog -Filter '(type -ilike SEL)
-or (Type -clike Syslog)' -Id 0 -Type SEL
```

Get a local user, where a name can be "admin" (case sensitive).

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'Name -clike admin'
```

Get User, where a name can be "test*" (support * regular expression or case sensitive).

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'Name -clike test*'
```

Get a local user, where AccountStatus is not equals to inactive.

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'AccountStatus -cne inactive'
```

Get a local user, where AccountStatus matches 'inacti'.

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'AccountStatus -cmatch inacti'
```

Get a local user, where AccountStatus matches with 'active' (starts with active or case sensitive).

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'AccountStatus -cmatch ^active'
```

Get a local user, where AccountStatus does not match 'active' (starts with active or case sensitive).

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'AccountStatus -cnotmatch ^active'
```

Get a local user, where Accountstatus is not 'active' (starts with active or case sensitive).

```
Get-ImcManagedObject -ClassId aaaUser -Filter 'AccountStatus -cnotlike active'
```

Force Flag

All the set and remove cmdlets in PowerTool, prompt for a confirmation, you can skip this confirmation by using `-Force` flag.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcSnmpUser -Name snmpuser | Clear-ImcSnmpUser -Force
```

Get Adapter and Controller Information

PCI Adapter Properties

```
Get-ImcPciEquipSlot -Id "1"
```

Network Adapter Information

```
Get-ImcNetworkAdapterEthIf -Dn "sys/rack-unit-1/network-adapter-L/eth-1"
```

Storage Controller Information

```
Get-ImcStorageController -Dn "sys/rack-unit-1/board/storage-SAS-SLOT-4"
```

Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus

The `Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus` cmdlet provides an option to get the download status of a KMIP entity like Root CA Certificate, Client Certificate, and Client Private Key.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus [-Type <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus
Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus -Type RootCACertificate
Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus -Type ClientCertificate
Get-ImcK mipDownloadStatus -Type ClientPrivateKey
```

Get-ImcK mipUploadStatus

The `Get-ImcK mipUploadStatus` cmdlet provides an option to get the upload status of a KMIP entity like Root CA Certificate, Client Certificate, and Client Private Key.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcKnipUploadStatus [-Type <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Get-ImcKnipUploadStatus
Get-ImcKnipUploadStatus -Type RootCACertificate
Get-ImcKnipUploadStatus -Type ClientCertificate
Get-ImcKnipUploadStatus -Type ClientPrivateKey
```

HUU Firmware Update

Create a user credential, using the following cmdlet:

```
$user = "<username>"
$password = "<password>"
$cred = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential($user,$password)
```

Update HUU firmware, using the following cmdlet:

```
Set-ImcHuuFirmwareUpdater -AdminState trigger -MapType nfs -RemoteIp 10.105.219.83
-RemoteCredential $cred-RemoteShare "/huuIso/ucs-c2x-huu-2.0.3d-1.iso" -StopOnError yes
-TimeOut 60 -UpdateComponent All-VerifyUpdate no -force -Xml
```

HUU Firmware Update through SD Card

NFS Mapping:

```
Get-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDriveImageMap -VirtualDrive "HUU" |
Set-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDriveImageMap -AdminAction map -Map nfs -RemoteShare
"x.x.x.x:/nfsShareLocation"
-RemoteFile "ucs-c240m5-huu-3.1.3a.iso" -MountOptions "nolock" -Force
```

Update the mapped image to the HUU partition from specified mount location:

```
Get-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDrive -PartitionName HUU |
Set-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDrive -AdminAction update-vd -Force
```

Update status can be found using the below query:

```
Get-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDrive -PartitionName HUU |
select OperationInProgress, LastOperationStatus,HostAccessible
```



Note OperationInProgress: value should be Update-Success

Request to enable the virtual drive which would make the partition visible to the host:

```
Get-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDrive -PartitionName HUU |
Set-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDrive -AdminAction enable-vd -Force
```



Note HostAccessible: Value should be Connected

Get the LUN ID to set the boot order:

```
Get-ImcStorageFlexUtilVirtualDrive -PartitionName HUU | select LunId
```

Set the boot order to boot from flex-util HUU partition based on LUN ID:

```
Get-ImcLsbootSd | set-ImcLsbootSd -Lun <lunId selected in above cmdlet>
-Order 1 -State enabled -Subtype flex-util -Force
Get-ImcLsbootDevPrecision | Set-ImcLsbootDevPrecision -RebootOnUpdate yes
```

Start HUU Firmware update process:

```
$user = "testUser"
$password = "testPassword" | ConvertTo-SecureString -AsPlainText -Force
$cred = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential($user,$password)
Set-ImcHuuFirmwareUpdater -AdminState trigger -MapType nfs -RemoteIp "NA" -RemoteCredential
$cred -RemoteShare "NA"
-StopOnError yes -TimeOut 120 -UpdateComponent All -VerifyUpdate no -BootMedium "microsd"
-Force
```

Modify Drive Security Information

Update security key/keyId for a drive security MO, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcStorageController | Set-ImcDriveSecurity -KeyId "newkey" -KeyManagement local
-SecurityKey "password4321"
-ExistingSecurityKey "myPass123" -Force
```

Managed Object Synchronization

Enable SupportMultipleDefaultUcs to connect to multiple Cisco IMC, using the following cmdlet:

```
Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration -SupportMultipleDefaultUcs $true
```

Get the credential and store it in a variable, using the following cmdlet:

```
$secpasswd = ConvertTo-SecureString password -AsPlainText -Force
$mycreds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential ("admin",$secpasswd)
```

Connect to different Cisco IMC, using the following cmdlet:

```
$cimc1 = Connect-Imc xx.xx.xx.xx -Credential $mycreds
$cimc2 = Connect-Imc xx.xx.xx.xx -Credential $mycreds
```

Get a local user from different Cisco IMC, using the following cmdlet:

```
$user1 = Get-ImcLocalUser -Imc $cimc1 -Id 1
$user2 = Get-ImcLocalUser -Imc $cimc2 -Id 1
```

Synchronize a set of MOs from Cisco IMC2 to Cisco IMC1, using the following cmdlet:

```
Compare-ImcManagedObject $user1 $user2
Sync-ImcManagedObject (Compare-ImcManagedObject $user1 $user2) -Imc $cimcl
```

Modify Syslog Settings

Modify the syslog settings, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcSyslog | Set-ImcSyslog -LocalSeverity warning -RemoteSeverity debug -Force
```

New Signing Certificate Request

Generate a certificate signing request (CSR) to obtain a new certificate. You can upload the new certificate to the Cisco IMC to replace the current server certificate. A public Certificate Authority (CA), such as VeriSign, or by your own certificate authority certifies the server. The generated certificate key length is 2048 bits.

```
New-ImcCertificateSigningRequest -CommonName "CSR2" -CountryCode India -Locality "GG6"
-Organization "cisco" -OrganizationalUnit "Tpidev" -Protocol ftp -State "Haryana" -RemoteFile
"ImcCertificate.txt" -RemoteServer 10.105.219.xx -User administrator -Pwd *****
```

PowerTool Cmdlet Generation

ConvertTo-ImcCmdlet:

Cisco IMC GUI does not support XML logging. To generate the ConvertTo-ImcCmdlet cmdlets, rely on the output of the Get cmdlet and generate cmdlets to replicate the same object hierarchy.

Generate cmdlets for the specified MOs.

```
Get-ImcBiosSettings -Hierarchy | ConvertTo-ImcCmdlet
```

Save the cmdlet output in a file.

```
Get-ImcBiosSettings -Hierarchy | ConvertTo-ImcCmdlet -OutputPath "C:/OutputFile.txt"
```

Receive Certificate for IMC

Gets the information of current certificate available on the Cisco IMC server.

```
Receive-ImcCertificate
```

Receive-ImcKmpEntity

The **Receive-ImcKmpEntity** cmdlet provides an option to download a KMIP entity like Root CA Certificate, Client Certificate, and Client Private Key.

Syntax

```
Receive-ImcKmpEntity -Type <string> [-Protocol <string>] [-Pwd <string>] [-RemoteFile
<string>]
[-RemoteServer <string>] [-User <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [-Force]
[<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Receive-ImcKmpEntity -Type RootCACertificate -RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -User root -Pwd
<password>
-Protocol scp -RemoteFile "/root/test/RootCACertificate.pem" -Force
Receive-ImcKmpEntity -Type ClientCertificate -RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -User root -Pwd
<password>
-Protocol scp -RemoteFile "/root/test/ClientCertificate.pem" -Force
Receive-ImcKmpEntity -Type ClientPrivateKey -RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -User root -Pwd
<password>
-Protocol scp -RemoteFile "/root/test/ClientPrivateKey.pem" -Force
```

Receive-ImcLdapCACertificate

Exports the LDAP CA certificate from the IMC server to a remote server.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcExportLdapCACertificate | Receive-ImcLdapCACertificate
-Protocol scp -RemoteServer "10.10.10.10" -RemoteFile
"/root/test/ExportFileLdapCACertificate.crt" -User
"user" -Pwd "Password123" -Force
```

Remove-ImcLdapCACertificate

Removes the LDAP CA Certificate from the IMC server.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcLdapCACertificate | Remove-ImcLdapCACertificate -Force
```

Reset-ImcEventFilters

Resets event filters.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcEventManager | Reset-ImcEventFilters -Force
Get-ImcRackUnit | Reset-ImcEventFilters -Force
```

Send-ImcBiosProfile

The **Send-ImcBiosProfile** cmdlet uploads the BIOS profile to the Cisco IMC. You can specify the profile details, such as IP/HostName, protocol, path and filename, username and password from a remote location.

Syntax

```
Send-ImcBiosProfile -BiosProfileManagement <BiosProfileManagement> [-Protocol <string>]
[-Pwd <string>] [-RemoteFile <string>] [-RemoteServer <string>] [-User <string>]
[-XtraProperty <Hashtable>]
[-Force] [<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Get-ImcBiosProfileManagement | Send-ImcBiosProfile -Protocol scp -User root -Pwd <password>
-RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -RemoteFile "/root/test/bios_profile_1" -Force
```

Send-ImcK mipEntity

The **Send-ImcK mipEntity** cmdlet provides an option to upload a KMIP entity, like Root CA Certificate, Client Certificate, and Client Private Key.

Syntax

```
Send-ImcK mipEntity -Type <string> [-Protocol <string>] [-Pwd <string>] [-RemoteFile <string>]
[-RemoteServer <string>] [-User <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [-Force]
[<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Send-ImcK mipEntity -Type RootCACertificate -RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -User root -Pwd
<password>
-Protocol scp -RemoteFile "/root/test/RootCACertificate.pem" -Force

Send-ImcK mipEntity -Type ClientCertificate -RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -User root -Pwd
<password>
-Protocol scp -RemoteFile "/root/test/ClientCertificate.pem" -Force

Send-ImcK mipEntity -Type ClientPrivateKey -RemoteServer 10.10.10.10 -User root -Pwd <password>
```

```
-Protocol scp -RemoteFile "/root/test/ClientPrivateKey.pem" -Force
```

Send-ImcLdapCACertificate

Uploads the LDAP CA certificate located at the remote server on the IMC server.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcDownloadLdapCACertificate | Send-ImcLdapCACertificate
-Protocol scp -RemoteServer "10.10.10.10" -RemoteFile "
/root/test/LDAPCACertificate.cer" -User "user" -Pwd
>Password123" -Force
```

Send-ImcPidCatalog

Uploads the PID catalogue file located at the remote server on the IMC server.

Syntax

```
Get-ImcPidCatalog | Send-ImcPidCatalog -Protocol scp
-RemoteServer "10.10.10.10" -RemoteFile
"/root/test/pid-ctlg-2_0_13a18.tar.gz" -User
"user" -Pwd "Password123" -Force

Get-ImcUploadPIDCatalog | Send-ImcPidCatalog -Protocol scp
-RemoteServer "10.10.10.10" -RemoteFile
"/root/test/pid-ctlg-2_0_13a18.tar.gz" -User
"user" -Pwd "Password123" -Force
```

Server Actions

The following table lists the new and changed cmdlets to perform server actions:

Action Description	Cmdlet in PowerTool Release 1.3.1 or earlier	Cmdlet in PowerTool 1.4.1 and Higher
Power On Server	Get-ImcRackUnit Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower up	Get-ImcRackUnit Start-ImcServer
Power Off Server	Get-ImcRackUnit Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower soft-shut-down	Get-ImcRackUnit Stop-ImcServer
Power Cycle Server	Get-ImcRackUnit Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower cycle-immediate	Get-ImcRackUnit Restart-ImcServer

Action Description	Cmdlet in PowerTool Release 1.3.1 or earlier	Cmdlet in PowerTool 1.4.1 and Higher
Hard Reset Server	Get-ImcRackUnit Set-ImcRackUnit -AdminPower hard-reset-immediate	Get-ImcRackUnit Reset-ImcServer
Turn On Locator LED	Get-ImcLocatorLed Set-ImcLocatorLed -AdminState on	Get-ImcLocatorLed Enable-ImcLocatorLed
Turn Off Locator LED	Get-ImcLocatorLed Set-ImcLocatorLed -AdminState off	Get-ImcLocatorLed Disable-ImcLocatorLed

Set a Boot Drive

Set a physical drive as a boot drive, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcStorageLocalDisk -Id 2 | Set-ImcStorageLocalDisk -AdminAction "set-boot-drive" -Force
```

Set a virtual drive as a boot drive, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcStorageVirtualDrive -Id 2 | Set-ImcStorageVirtualDrive -AdminAction "set-boot-drive" -Force
```

Change Disk Mode (JBOD to UG and vice-versa)

Change Disk Mode (JBOD to UG and vice versa)

```
Get-ImcStorageController | Set-ImcStorageController -AdminAction enable-jbod -Force -Xml  
get-ImcStorageLocalDisk -Id 3 | Set-ImcStorageLocalDisk -AdminAction make-jbod -Force  
get-ImcStorageLocalDisk -Id 3 | Set-ImcStorageLocalDisk -AdminAction make-unconfigured-good  
-Force
```

Set Boot Order

Set the boot order, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcLsbootStorage | Set-ImcLsbootStorage -Order 2 -Force
```

```
Get-ImcLsbootDevPrecision | Add-ImcLsbootHdd -Name "RAID1_12" -Order 1 -State "Enabled"  
-Type "LOCALHDD"  
Get-ImcLsbootDevPrecision | Add-ImcLsbootVMedia -Name "CIMCDVD" -Order 2 -State "Enabled"  
-Type "VMEDIA"  
Get-ImcLsbootDevPrecision -Hierarchy | ConvertTo-ImcCmdlet
```

Setting BIOS Password



Note Setting BIOS password feature is applicable for E-Series servers only.

```
Get-ImcBiosPassword | Set-ImcBiosPassword -Password "<password>" -Force
```

Start-ImcOsInstallation

The **Start-ImcOsInstallation** cmdlet starts the NI-SCU operating system installation process.



Note For details on how to create the configuration files, answer files, and so on, see to [Cisco UCS C-Series Server Configuration Utility](#) documentation.

Syntax

```
Start-ImcOsInstallation -OsInstallation <OsStart> [-AnswerFilePassword <string>]
[-AnswerFileShareFile <string>]
[-AnswerFileShareIp <string>] [-AnswerFileSharePath <string>] -AnswerFileShareType <string>
[-AnswerFileUsername
<string>] [-ConfigShareFile <string>] [-ConfigShareIp <string>] [-ConfigSharePassword
<string>]
[-ConfigSharePath <string>] -ConfigShareType <string> [-ConfigShareUsername <string>]
-IsoShare <string> [-IsoShareIp <string>]
-IsoShareType <string> [-Password <string>] [-RemoteShareFile <string>] [-RemoteShareIp
<string>]
[-RemoteSharePassword <string>] [-RemoteSharePath <string>] -RemoteShareType <string>
[-RemoteShareUsername <string>] [-Timeout
<uint>] [-Username <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [-Force] [<CommonParameters>]
```

```
Start-ImcOsInstallation -OsInstallationController <OsController> [-AnswerFilePassword
<string>]
[-AnswerFileShareFile <string>] [-AnswerFileShareIp <string>] [-AnswerFileSharePath <string>]
-AnswerFileShareType <string>
[-AnswerFileUsername <string>] [-ConfigShareFile <string>] [-ConfigShareIp <string>]
[-ConfigSharePassword <string>] [-ConfigSharePath <string>] -ConfigShareType <string>
[-ConfigShareUsername <string>] -IsoShare <string>
[-IsoShareIp <string>] -IsoShareType <string> [-Password <string>] [-RemoteShareFile <string>]
[-RemoteShareIp <string>] [-RemoteSharePassword <string>] [-RemoteSharePath <string>]
-RemoteShareType <string> [-RemoteShareUsername
<string>] [-Timeout <uint>] [-Username <string>] [-XtraProperty <Hashtable>] [-Force]
[<CommonParameters>]
```

Example

```
Get-ImcOsInstallation | Start-ImcOsInstallation -AnswerFileShareIp 10.10.10.10
```

```

-AnswerFileUsername root -AnswerFilePassword <password> -AnswerFileSharePath "/root/test/osi"

-AnswerFileShareFile "" -AnswerFileShareType scp -ConfigShareIp 10.10.10.10
-ConfigShareUsername root
-ConfigSharePassword <password> -ConfigSharePath "/root/test/osi" -ConfigShareFile
"conf_file1" -ConfigShareType scp
-IsoShareIp 11.11.11.11 -IsoShare "/nfsshare/ucs-cxxx-scu-5.0.1a.iso" -IsoShareType nfs
-Username administrator
-Password <password> -RemoteShareIp 10.10.10.10 -RemoteShareUsername root -RemoteSharePassword
<password>
-RemoteSharePath "/root/test/osi" -RemoteShareFile "" -RemoteShareType scp -Force

Get-ImcOsInstallationController | Start-ImcOsInstallation -AnswerFileShareIp 10.10.10.10
-AnswerFileUsername root -AnswerFilePassword <password> -AnswerFileSharePath "/root/test/osi"

-AnswerFileShareFile "" -AnswerFileShareType scp -ConfigShareIp 10.10.10.10
-ConfigShareUsername root
-ConfigSharePassword <password> -ConfigSharePath "/root/test/osi" -ConfigShareFile
"conf_file1"
-ConfigShareType scp -IsoShareIp 11.11.11.11 -IsoShare "/nfsshare/ucs-cxxx-scu-5.0.1a.iso"

-IsoShareType nfs -Username administrator -Password <password> -RemoteShareIp 10.10.10.10
-RemoteShareUsername root -RemoteSharePassword <password> -RemoteSharePath "/root/test/osi"
-RemoteShareFile "" -RemoteShareType scp -Force

```

Test-ImcLdapBinding

Tests the LDAP Binding on the IMC server

Syntax

```

Get-ImcLdapCACertificate | Test-ImcLdapBinding -User "user"
-Pwd "Password123" -Force

```

Transaction Support

Start a transaction, using the following cmdlet:

```
Start-ImcTransaction
```

Perform an operation, using the following cmdlets:

```

$adapterHostEthIf = Get-ImcadapterUnit | Add-ImcadapterHostEthIf -Name adapterHostEth
$adapterHostEthIfModify = $adapterHostEthIf | Set-ImcadapterHostEthIf -PxeBoot enabled
$adapterEthISCSIProfile = $adapterHostEthIfModify | Add-ImcadapterEthISCSIProfile
-InitiatorName adapterHostEth -InitiatorIPAddress xx.xx.xx.xx -InitiatorSubnetMask
255.255.255.0 -DhcpISCSI enabled
$adapterEthISCSIProfile | Remove-ImcadapterEthISCSIProfile
$adapterHostEthIfModify | Remove-ImcadapterHostEthIf

```

End a transaction, using the following cmdlet:

```
Complete-ImcTransaction
# Undo a transaction, using the following cmdlet:

Undo-ImcTransaction
```

vMedia Configuration

Configure vMedia, using the following cmdlet:

```
Get-ImcCommVMedia | Set-ImcCommVMedia -AdminState "enabled" -EncryptionState "enabled"
-Force
```

Create vNIC/Adapter

```
Create vNIC/Adapter
Get-ImcAdaptorUnit -Id "1" | Add-ImcAdaptorHostEthIf -Name "eth2" -UplinkPort "0"
```

Cisco UCS Communities

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Related Cisco IMC Documentation and Documentation Feedback

For more information, you can access related documents from the following links:

- [Cisco UCS C-Series Documentation Roadmap](#)
- [Cisco IMC XML API Programmer's Guide](#) for Cisco UCS C-Series Servers
- [Cisco UCS E-Series Documentation Roadmap](#)
- [Cisco IMC XML API Programmer's Guide](#) for Cisco UCS E-Series Servers

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

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